Ernst Fraenkel is probably known best in the USA for his work “The Dual State”, in which he scrutinizes the Law of Nazi Germany. In Germany, Fraenkel is known to be one of the founding fathers of German political science after World War II, influenced by his exile in the USA, where he lived and thought from 1939 on. In 1951, Fraenkel returned to Germany to teach political science. There, he developed a neo-pluralist theory that strongly influenced the idea of a militant democracy. This talk introduces Ernst Fraenkel’s neo-pluralism, and describes the core elements of Fraenkel’s theory. It also presents Fraenkel’s theory in its historical and scientific context and explains the influence the theory had on political science, as well as politics.

Dominik Hammer is a political scientist and a research assistant at the Hannover Institute for Philosophical Research (FIPH) in Hannover, Germany. He is currently working on his dissertation, a genealogical observation of modern biologism. Hammer studied political science at the University of Passau, where he received his B.A. and at the Technical University of Dresden, where he received his masters degree in political science. Focusing on political theory and the history of ideas, his fields of interest are, among others, modern democratic theory, anti-democratic ideas and movements, political culture and cultural critique.

Friday, September 26
12:00 pm
Religion Studies
Common Room
Free Lunch Provided